

# Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ): an assessment of concurrent validity and test-retest reliability

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## ABSTRACT

**Objectives** Muscle-strengthening exercise (MSE) has multiple independent health benefits and is a component of global physical activity guidelines. However, the assessment of MSE in health surveillance is often limited to the constructs of frequency (days/week), with little focus on constructs such as MSE type, muscle groups targeted and intensity. This study describes the test-retest reliability and concurrent validity of the Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ), which was developed to assess multiple MSE participation constructs.

**Methods** The MSEQ was developed to assess the weekly frequency, session duration and intensity, types of MSE (eg, weight machines, bodyweight exercise) and muscle groups targeted. Two convenience samples of adult participants were recruited. Test-retest reliability was completed online by 85 participants. Concurrent validity was assessed for 54 participants using an online 7-day MSE log.

**Results** The MSEQ shows high test-retest reliability for frequency, duration and level of intensity for each of the four MSE types (using weight machines, bodyweight exercises, resistance exercises and holistic exercises), and for the four types combined ( $p$  range 0.76–0.91). For muscle groups targeted, the reliability ranged mostly from moderate-to-substantial for each of the four MSE types ( $\kappa$  range 0.44–0.78) and fair-to-moderate for the four types combined ( $\kappa$  range 0.35–0.51). Concurrent validity for frequency, duration and level of intensity for each of the four MSE types, and the four types combined, was moderate-to-high ( $p$  range 0.30–0.77).

**Conclusion** The MSEQ shows acceptable reliability and validity for four key MSE constructs. This new MSEQ survey instrument could be used to assess adults' MSE.

## INTRODUCTION

Strong scientific evidence demonstrates that regular muscle-strengthening exercise (MSE; including using weight training equipment and machines, resistance bands and doing bodyweight exercises) is linked to optimal health and well-being in adults.<sup>1 2</sup> In brief, meta-analyses and systematic reviews of controlled clinical exercise studies show that MSE leads to enhanced cardiometabolic,<sup>3</sup>

## Key messages

### What is already known

- Muscle-strengthening exercise has multiple independent health benefits.
- Assessment of muscle-strengthening exercise is rare in physical activity surveillance.
- Surveillance instruments assessing muscle-strengthening exercise are mostly limited to frequency (days/week) and duration (minutes/session).

### What are the new findings

- We developed a new online muscle-strengthening exercise assessment instrument, the Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ).
- The MSEQ has shown acceptable 7-day test-retest reliability.
- The MSEQ has shown adequate validity when using a 7-day muscle-strengthening exercise log as the standard.
- Future population-level health surveillance of muscle-strengthening exercise may include the MSEQ.

musculoskeletal<sup>4</sup> and mental health,<sup>5</sup> and reductions in visceral fat.<sup>6</sup> Recent data from prospective cohort studies suggest that MSE is independently associated with a reduced risk of all-cause and disease-specific mortality,<sup>7 8</sup> cardiovascular disease,<sup>9</sup> type 2 diabetes,<sup>10 11</sup> obesity<sup>12 13</sup> and some cancers.<sup>8</sup>

Despite its multiple independent health benefits, and the fact that MSE was first included as part of the US physical activity guidelines in 2008,<sup>14</sup> and global guidelines since 2010,<sup>15</sup> in comparison to moderate-to-vigorous aerobic physical activity (MVPA: eg, walking, running or cycling) and sedentary behaviour (low energy sitting, reclining or lying posture in waking hours), this exercise modality has received little attention in physical activity epidemiology.<sup>16 17</sup> In particular, research has shown that the assessment of MSE is rare in physical activity surveillance.<sup>18</sup>

Moreover, our recent systematic review of the assessment of MSE within health surveillance highlighted two key limitations in the current assessment of MSE at the population level.<sup>19</sup> First, few surveillance instruments assess MSE participation constructs beyond weekly frequency. Second, unlike aerobic MVPA and sedentary behaviour,<sup>20–22</sup> there is no standardised instrument for assessing MSE in health surveillance.<sup>19</sup>

Developing an understanding of the surveillance of multiple MSE participation constructs is important because clinical exercise studies demonstrate that factors such as type (single vs multijoint; bodyweight vs use of weight machines, etc), duration and intensity of MSE, affect some key outcomes such as skeletal muscle size/endurance/strength.<sup>23 24</sup> The assessment of MSE participation constructs at the population level, that goes beyond simply frequency, is critical for establishing the optimal dose of this exercise modality for health in future studies.<sup>17</sup> Furthermore, a standardised MSE assessment instrument will be essential for the population-level tracking and monitoring of this important and currently understudied health behaviour. In addition, accurate and consistent assessments of physical activity-related behaviours are key for identifying at-risk population subgroups most in need of future large-scale public health interventions.<sup>25</sup>

This study aimed to describe the development of the Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ)—a newly designed MSE assessment instrument for adults, with a specific focus on the assessment of its test-retest reliability and concurrent validity.

## METHODS

### Study population

From January to March 2021, a subsample of participants was recruited from a larger online study on MSE participation, barriers/facilitators and attitudes towards this exercise mode ('Main Study'). In this main study, we recruited a convenience sample of 461 adults (aged ≥18 years) via the use of social media (eg, Facebook, Twitter, Instagram) and professional networks. At the end of the Main Study, respondents were invited to participate in further follow-up research for assessing the reliability and validity of survey items concerning their MSE participation during a usual week (MSEQ, described below). If they agreed, they were allocated, on an alternating (one for one) basis, to either: (1) reliability sample or (2) validity sample. Informed consent was obtained from all participants.

### Measures

#### Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ)

The MSEQ was designed to be a brief assessment instrument for delivery in an online format. Specifically, we created a 9-item instrument that assesses key MSE constructs for use in future physical activity surveillance. The final version of the MSEQ is shown in online supplemental digital content 1. The initial development of the

MSEQ was broadly guided by several key MSE resources, including the 2009 'American College of Sports Medicine Position Stand on Progression Models in Resistance Training for Healthy Adults',<sup>26</sup> Garber *et al*'s 'Guidance for Prescribing Exercise',<sup>2</sup> and the 2018 Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans.<sup>27</sup> After a review of these sources and consideration of what is practical to include in a surveillance instrument, five MSE participation constructs were assessed: (1) type; (2) frequency; (3) duration; (4) intensity and (5) the muscle groups targeted. The preamble of the MSEQ, the key justifications for choosing each MSE construct and their response items are now described.

### Preamble

When developing self-report instruments of physical activity-related behaviours, it is important to provide respondents with some examples of the behaviours of interest to enhance comprehension.<sup>28</sup> Given that at the population level, ~60% of adults do no MSE,<sup>29</sup> an understanding of what constitutes MSE may be limited among the general population.<sup>19</sup> Therefore, to assist respondents, we provided the following statement at the beginning of the survey:

'The next set of questions are about your participation in muscle-strengthening exercise, sometimes called weight or resistance training. When thinking about muscle-strengthening exercise, we are only interested in exercises that you do during your leisure or free time, and not done as part of your work/job, or as a part of household activities (chores).

The types of muscle-strengthening exercise we are interested in include:

- ▶ Using weight machines—typically in a gym or fitness centre.
- ▶ Bodyweight exercises—including push-ups or sit-ups.
- ▶ Resistance exercises—using free weights like dumbbells or resistance bands.
- ▶ Holistic exercises—including Yoga, Tai-Chi or Pilates'.

This phrasing was initially tested with a subset of participants (n=10) to assess readability and comprehension. After this consultation, minor changes were made to the final preamble.

### Type

At present, MSE surveillance instruments typically include a wide variety of MSE-related activities grouped into one category.<sup>19</sup> For example, the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), the most commonly used MSE surveillance instrument,<sup>19</sup> combines diverse activities such as 'using weight machines', 'free weights', 'elastic bands', 'yoga' or 'sit-ups or push-ups'.<sup>30</sup> The limitation of combining all MSE types into a single group is that it is not possible to examine patterns and prevalence of different MSE-related behaviours and, most importantly, determine the relationship between separate MSE types and health. To address this limitation, in the MSEQ, we selected four MSE types. These were:

(1) 'Use of weight machines' (eg, leg press, chest press, lat pulldown); (2) 'Bodyweight exercises' (including push-ups, sit-ups); (3) 'Resistance exercises' (using resistance bands or free weights like dumbbells) and (4) 'Holistic exercises' (including Yoga, Tai-Chi and Pilates). The terminology for, and examples of, the MSE types are largely consistent with those within the key texts in this field.<sup>27 31</sup> For each of these four MSE types, participants were asked to complete the following items (see online supplemental digital content 1).

#### Frequency (items 2 and 3)

In MSE surveillance, weekly frequency is the most commonly assessed MSE construct.<sup>19</sup> Accordingly, for comparisons to previous instruments, we included a similar question to that used in the BRFSS survey,<sup>30</sup> where respondents were asked for all MSE: 'How many days, in a usual week, do you do muscle-strengthening exercise?' (item 2). Response selections were: (i) 'none'; (ii) '1'; (iii) '2'; (iv) '3'; (v) '4'; (vi) '5'; (vii) '6' and (viii) '7 days'. This question was asked separately for each type to understand the frequency of the four specific MSE types given above (item 3). The response options for this question were the same as all MSE (eg, (i) 'none' to (viii) '7 days').

#### Duration (item 4)

Despite clinical studies showing a positive dose-response relationship between time spent doing MSE and muscle size and strength,<sup>32</sup> duration is rarely assessed in MSE surveillance.<sup>17</sup> Therefore, to gain a better understanding of this construct, respondents were asked: 'In a usual week please indicate how long you spend doing each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercise? ... in a usual session'. Response options in minutes were: (i) '0'; (ii) 'less than 10'; (iii) '10-20'; (iv) '21-30'; (v) '31-40'; (vi) '41-50'; (vii) '51-60'; (viii) '≥60 min spent in a usual session'. This question was asked separately for each of the four MSE types.

#### Muscle groups targeted (items 5-8)

The 2008 Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans first introduced the recommendation that when doing MSE, an adult should engage all major muscle groups.<sup>14</sup> This recommendation is based on the clinical evidence that suggests that using several large muscle groups is more effective in maintaining and increasing muscle strength and bone mineral density,<sup>33</sup> compared with using the smaller muscle groups.<sup>34</sup> However, few existing MSE instruments assess muscle groups targeted.<sup>35</sup> To guide which muscle groups to include in the MSEQ, we used the American College of Sports Medicine (ACSM) definitions, which define all major muscle groups as seven separate groups: legs, hips, back, abdomen, chest, shoulders, and arms.<sup>36</sup> Accordingly, in the MSEQ, respondents were asked, 'In a usual week please indicate which muscle groups you use when you do each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercise?'

Response options of (i) 'yes' or (ii) 'no' were provided for the following seven different muscle groups, and to assist with respondent comprehension, we provided examples of MSE activities that target each group: (i) 'legs (eg, squats, lunges, bridges)'; (ii) 'hips (eg, side leg raises, bridges)'; (iii) 'back (eg, lat pulldown, bent-over row)'; (iv) 'abdomen (eg, crunches, sit-ups)'; (v) 'chest (eg, bench press, push-ups)'; (vi) 'shoulders (eg, lat raise, overhead press)' and (vii) 'arms (eg, bicep curl, tricep dips)'. This question was asked separately for each of the four MSE types.

#### Intensity (item 9)

Current global physical activity guidelines state: 'Adults should also do muscle-strengthening activities at moderate or greater intensity'.<sup>15</sup> However, current MSE surveillance instruments do not generally assess intensity.<sup>19</sup> To assess this key MSE participation construct, the MSEQ used the previously validated visual analogue scale developed by Robertson *et al*,<sup>37</sup> (See online supplemental digital content 1). Specifically, participants were asked: 'For each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercises, please say how hard (level of intensity) you usually exercise'. The response options were provided on a 12-point scale: (i) 'not applicable' (ii) '0 extremely easy'; (iii) '1'; (iv) '2 easy'; (v) '3'; (vi) '4 somewhat easy'; (vii) '5'; (viii) '6 somewhat hard'; (ix) '7'; (x) '8 hard'; (xi) '9'; and (xii) '10 extremely hard'. This question was asked for each of the four MSE types.

#### Test-test reliability assessments

To examine test-test reliability, participants allocated to the reliability sample were sent an individualised survey link approximately 7 days after completing the first online survey. Each participant responded to the same set of questions described above.

#### Concurrent assessments (7-day MSE log)

To examine concurrent validity, participants allocated to the validity sample were asked to complete a 7-day MSE log. Approximately 7 days after completing the first online survey, participants were sent an individualised link to complete an MSE log for 7 consecutive days. During this week and on each day, participants were asked, 'Did you do any muscle-strengthening exercise today?' (response options: (i) 'yes'; or (ii) 'no'). Those reporting no MSE were automatically taken to the end of the survey, advising them they would receive the invitation to complete the MSE log the next day, or if day 7, they were directed to the end of the survey.

Participants who responded 'yes' to doing MSE on a given day were then asked to respond to the same set of questions described above. All response options were the same as the original survey. Based on the 7-day MSE log responses, we created weekly averages for all MSE and each MSE type for comparison to the original survey. To calculate the average data for the frequency, duration, muscle groups used, and intensity, we collated each



response to these items from the 7-day MSE log, then divided the respective values by the total number of days of reported MSE in the 7-day log. For example, for frequency, the original 'times per usual week' value (from the baseline responses to the MSEQ) was compared with the total times per week value calculated from the 7 day MSE log.

### Statistical analysis

Statistical Package for the Social Sciences V.26 (SPSS, IBM) was used to conduct all data analyses. Descriptive statistics were used to describe the characteristics of the participants included in the two individual samples (see [table 1](#)), and significance was set at  $p < 0.05$  throughout.

To examine the test-retest reliability of the MSEQ items, four statistical tests were used to assess the relative agreement between the participant responses to the initial MSEQ survey (test) against the responses to the follow-up survey (retest). For the continuous variables (frequency, duration and intensity), we used intraclass correlation coefficients (ICC) and Spearman's rank correlation coefficients (Spearman's rho;  $\rho$ ). For the dichotomous variable (muscle groups used), we used Kappa coefficients ( $\kappa$ ) and percentage agreement. We applied a two-way random effects model for ICC analysis, including tests for absolute agreement. We presented ICC and Spearman's  $r$  value and its 95% CI for each frequency, duration, and level of intensity question. We present the  $\kappa$  value and 95% CI and the percentage agreement for the muscle groups used. Using previously established ICC correlation coefficient thresholds,<sup>38</sup> a value of 0.00–0.10 suggests virtually no agreement, 0.11–0.40 slight agreement, 0.41–0.60 fair agreement, 0.61–0.80 moderate agreement and  $\geq 0.80$  substantial agreement. Applying standard classifications<sup>39</sup> we interpreted Spearman's  $r$  as  $< 0.30$  low, 0.30–0.50 moderate, or  $> 0.50$  high agreement. For  $\kappa$ , we classified the strength of agreement as either  $< 0.00$  poor, 0.00–0.20 slight, 0.21–0.40 fair, 0.41–0.60 moderate, 0.61–0.80 substantial, or 0.81–1.00 almost perfect.<sup>40</sup> For percentage agreement, we adopted the following classifications:  $< 60\%$  poor, 60%–74% moderate or  $\geq 75\%$  excellent.<sup>41</sup>

To examine the concurrent validity of the MSEQ items on frequency, duration and intensity, ICCs and Spearman's  $r$  are presented to show the relative agreement between the responses to the initial MSEQ survey against the 7-day MSE log as the standard. For validity assessments, we used the same ICC and Spearman's  $r$  thresholds for the level of agreement used for the reliability.

To investigate the viability of a short version of the MSEQ (see Discussion), we combined the response of all four MSE types (using weight machines, bodyweight exercises, resistance exercises and holistic exercises) to create a fifth type ('all types of muscle-strengthening exercise'). We examined the validity and reliability using the same for each of the individual types described above.

### Patient and public involvement

Patients and/or the public were not involved in the design, or conduct, or reporting, or dissemination plans of this research.

### RESULTS

A summary of the participant characteristics and weekly frequency of MSE for each sub-sample is shown in [table 1](#). Full data were available from 85 participants included in the reliability sample and 54 in the validity sample. Overall, the sociodemographic characteristics were similar for each sample (see online supplemental digital content 3 for a copy of the sociodemographic questions). In brief, over half were female, ~70% aged between 18 and 54 years, ~54% living in Australia and ~60% living in urban areas. Most were university qualified and self-rated their health as good-excellent, just under half were married, and over half were employed and working  $\geq 40$  hours in a usual week. While the validity sample met the MSE guideline  $\geq 2$  days/week, ~30% of the reliability sample did not.

#### Test-retest reliability

The results of the test-retest reliability of the MSEQ are shown in [tables 2 and 3](#). For the frequency of MSE days during a usual week, there was a substantial agreement for all four types of MSE (ICC range: 0.85–0.95) and fair agreement when all types were combined (ICC 0.58; 95% CI 0.40 to 0.73). For MSE duration, items for each type showed substantial agreement (ICC range: 0.88–0.96) and moderate agreement for all types combined (ICC 0.69; 95% CI 0.55 to 0.80). For the level of intensity, there was substantial agreement across all four types (ICC range: 0.89–0.93) and moderate agreement for the combined analysis (ICC 0.51; 95% CI 0.31 to 0.68). Spearman's rank correlations were high for all four MSE types, and all types combined for the frequency, duration and level of intensity of MSE ( $\rho$  range 0.76–0.91).

For the muscle groups used (see [table 3](#)), there was substantial to an almost perfect agreement for using weight machines ( $\kappa$  range 0.61–0.85) for all groups, except for 'abdomen' ( $\kappa = 0.33$ ; 95% CI  $-0.01$  to 0.65). Moderate to almost perfect agreement was shown for muscle groups used when doing body weight exercises ( $\kappa$  range 0.51–0.83) except for 'back' ( $\kappa = 0.40$ ; 95% CI 0.14 to 0.64). The agreement for muscle groups using resistance bands or free weights ( $\kappa$  range 0.44–0.84) was similar to body weight exercises. However, the 'chest' agreement was only fair ( $\kappa = 0.33$ ; 95% CI 0.02 to 0.60). Agreements for holistic exercises were less diverse for all seven muscle groups (moderate to substantial), with  $\kappa$  ranges from 0.57 to 0.76. When all MSE types were combined, the agreement for each of the muscle groups was moderate ( $\kappa$  range 0.41–0.51) except for 'abdomen' ( $\kappa = 0.35$ ; 95% CI 0.17 to 0.52). Percentage agreement for four types of MSE and the types combined was excellent (range 75.9%–96.3%), except for 'back' when doing

**Table 1** Sample characteristics of the test-retest reliability and concurrent validity samples and Weekly frequency of muscle-strengthening exercise

Characteristic	Test-retest reliability sample (n=85)	Concurrent validity sample (n=54)
	% (n)	% (n)
<b>Sex</b>		
Male	40.0 (34)	38.9 (21)
Female	60.0 (51)	61.1 (33)
<b>Age (years)</b>		
18–34	32.9 (28)	37.0 (20)
35–54	38.8 (33)	35.2 (19)
≥55	28.3 (24)	27.8 (15)
<b>Country</b>		
Australia	63.5 (54)	38.9 (21)
Other	36.5 (31)	61.1 (33)
<b>Region</b>		
Urban	62.4 (53)	59.3 (32)
Regional/remote	37.6 (32)	40.7 (22)
<b>Education</b>		
Primary school/some high school	2.4 (2)	7.4 (4)
Year 12 or equivalent	10.6 (9)	3.7 (2)
Higher education (below degree)	11.8 (10)	9.3 (5)
University qualification	75.3 (64)	79.6 (43)
<b>Marital status</b>		
Married	47.1 (40)	53.7 (29)
Not married (de facto/separated/divorced/widowed)	24.7 (21)	18.5 (10)
Never married	28.2 (24)	27.8 (15)
<b>Work situation</b>		
School/university (full time)	20.0 (17)	18.5 (10)
Paid employment/self-employed/unpaid work	58.8 (50)	64.8 (35)
Not working/other	21.2 (18)	16.7 (9)
<b>Self-rated health</b>		
Excellent	20.0 (17)	33.3 (18)
Very good	41.2 (35)	50.0 (27)
Good	27.1 (23)	13.0 (7)
Fair/poor	11.8 (10)	3.7 (2)
<b>Body mass index classification</b>		
Underweight or normal weight	51.8 (44)	48.1 (26)
Overweight	30.6 (26)	29.6 (16)
Obese	16.5 (14)	20.4 (11)
<b>Frequency of muscle-strengthening exercise (days/week)</b>		
0	27.1 (23)	0 (0)
1	3.5 (3)	0 (0)
2	16.5 (14)	13.0 (7)
3	18.8 (16)	25.9 (14)
4	10.6 (9)	16.7 (9)
≥5	23.5 (20)	44.4 (24)

**Table 2** Test–retest reliability\* of the Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ) assessing days per week, duration and level of intensity for each type of muscle-strengthening exercise and all types combined

	Test–retest reliability*	
	Interclass correlations coefficient† (95% CI)	Spearman's $r_{\text{S}}$ (95% CI)
How many days, in a usual week, do you do muscle-strengthening exercise?	0.92 (0.86 to 0.95)	0.85 (0.72 to 0.94)
Days per week by type		
Use weight machines	0.85 (0.74 to 0.91)	0.79 (0.60 to 0.94)
Body weight exercises	0.93 (0.88 to 0.96)	0.86 (0.73 to 0.93)
Use resistance bands or free weights	0.95 (0.92 to 0.97)	0.87 (0.73 to 0.95)
Holistic exercises	0.95 (0.91 to 0.97)	0.83 (0.65 to 0.95)
All types of muscle-strengthening exercise	0.58 (0.40 to 0.73)	0.91 (0.85 to 0.95)
Duration (minutes/session)		
Use weight machines	0.90 (0.82 to 0.94)	0.82 (0.67 to 0.93)
Body weight exercises	0.88 (0.79 to 0.93)	0.77 (0.60 to 0.87)
Use resistance bands or free weights	0.89 (0.82 to 0.94)	0.79 (0.62 to 0.90)
Holistic exercises	0.96 (0.94 to 0.98)	0.88 (0.74 to 0.96)
All types of muscle-strengthening exercise	0.69 (0.55 to 0.80)	0.89 (0.78 to 0.95)
Level of intensity		
Use weight machines	0.90 (0.83 to 0.94)	0.82 (0.66 to 0.95)
Body weight exercises	0.93 (0.89 to 0.96)	0.78 (0.61 to 0.90)
Use resistance bands or free weights	0.93 (0.88 to 0.96)	0.76 (0.59 to 0.88)
Holistic exercises	0.89 (0.82 to 0.94)	0.81 (0.63 to 0.94)
All types of muscle-strengthening exercise	0.51 (0.31 to 0.68)	0.82 (0.66 to 0.92)

\*Test and retest of MSEQ were conducted a maximum of 14 days apart.

†Intraclass correlations coefficient between test and retest and its 95% CI.

‡Spearman's rank correlation between test and retest and its 95% CI.

body weight exercises and 'abdomen' when using resistance bands or free weights (range 72.2%–72.7%).

### Concurrent validity

The concurrent validity of the MSEQ are shown in table 4. Compared with the 7-day MSE log, days in a usual week displayed fair-to-moderate concurrent validity for each MSE type and all types combined (ICC range: 0.56–0.78). The results for Spearman's rank correlation analyses were 'high' for the frequency of all four MSE types and all types combined ( $p$  range 0.58–0.77). For the duration, the MSEQ items for the use of machines, resistance bands, holistic exercise and all types combined showed a fair-to-moderate agreement (ICC range: 0.46–0.78) and slight agreement for bodyweight exercise (ICC=0.39; 95% CI –0.04 to 0.64). The correlation was high for the duration of all types combined ( $p=0.73$ ; 95% CI 0.59 to 0.83), with similar results observed for the individual MSE types ( $p$  range 0.73–0.74), except for body weight exercises that were moderate ( $p=0.34$ ; 95% CI 0.08 to 0.56). For the level of intensity, a moderate agreement was shown for the use of weight machines, resistance bands/free weights, and holistic exercises (ICC range: 0.69–0.78), and slight agreement was observed for bodyweight exercises and

all types combined (ICC range: 0.18–0.35). The results of the Spearman's rank correlation analyses for the level of intensity were mixed, ranging from moderate (body weight exercises:  $p=0.30$ ; 95% CI 0.03 to 0.55) to high ( $p$  range 0.63–0.71) for the individual MSE types, and a moderate result for all MSE types combined ( $p=0.45$ ; 95% CI 0.18 to 0.67).

### DISCUSSION

This study describes the test–retest reliability and concurrent validity of a newly developed online survey instrument assessing muscle-strengthening exercise. The MSEQ was specifically designed to assess multiple MSE participation constructs (eg, frequency, duration, intensity, muscle groups) across different types of MSE (eg, use weight machines, body weight exercises, use resistance bands or free weights, and holistic exercises) in adults. Overall, among our active, young, and well-educated sample, the MSEQ showed substantial test–retest reliability and adequate validity when using a 7-day MSE log as the standard. While these findings need to be replicated in studies with a more representative sample, this

**Table 3** Test-retest reliability\* of the Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ) items assessing muscle groups targeted for each type of muscle-strengthening exercise and all types combined

Type of muscle-strengthening exercise	Kappa statistic† (95% CI)	% Agreement
Use weight machines		
Legs	0.70 (0.49 to 0.88)	85.2
Hips	0.61 (0.34 to 0.85)	87.0
Back	0.74 (0.54 to 0.89)	87.0
Abdomen	0.33 (-0.01 to 0.65)	81.5
Chest	0.78 (0.59 to 0.93)	88.9
Shoulders	0.85 (0.67 to 0.96)	92.6
Arms	0.81 (0.63 to 0.96)	90.7
Body weight exercises		
Legs	0.51 (0.19 to 0.79)	85.2
Hips	0.83 (0.65 to 0.96)	92.6
Back	0.40 (0.14 to 0.64)	72.7
Abdomen	0.71 (0.41 to 0.93)	90.7
Chest	0.54 (0.23 to 0.80)	85.2
Shoulders	0.53 (0.26 to 0.74)	77.8
Arms	0.57 (0.33 to 0.79)	79.6
Use resistance bands or free weights		
Legs	0.55 (0.23 to 0.81)	87.0
Hips	0.66 (0.45 to 0.85)	83.3
Back	0.49 (0.16 to 0.74)	81.5
Abdomen	0.44 (0.19 to 0.67)	72.2
Chest	0.33 (0.02 to 0.60)	75.9
Shoulders	0.84 (0.55 to 1.00)	96.3
Arms	0.63 (0.22 to 0.92)	92.6
Holistic exercises		
Legs	0.58 (0.34 to 0.79)	79.6
Hips	0.61 (0.38 to 0.81)	81.5
Back	0.74 (0.50 to 0.91)	88.9
Abdomen	0.66 (0.45 to 0.85)	83.3
Chest	0.69 (0.44 to 0.88)	87.0
Shoulders	0.57 (0.34 to 0.78)	81.5
Arms	0.76 (0.53 to 0.94)	90.7
All types of muscle-strengthening exercise		
Legs	0.41 (0.22 to 0.58)	79.6
Hips	0.51 (0.34 to 0.66)	79.6
Back	0.45 (0.26 to 0.63)	81.5
Abdomen	0.35 (0.17 to 0.52)	77.8
Chest	0.41 (0.22 to 0.59)	77.8
Shoulders	0.44 (0.24 to 0.60)	83.3
Arms	0.47 (0.29 to 0.64)	77.8

\*Test and retest of MSEQ were conducted a maximum of 14 days apart.

†Kappa coefficient of agreement between test and retest and its 95% CI.

study suggests that the MSEQ has potential for use in future physical activity surveillance.

Few studies have reported on the reliability and validity of existing MSE survey instruments, but<sup>19</sup> comparing our findings to similar studies is limited. For weekly MSE frequency, the MSEQ shows similar reliability and stronger validity compared with the MSE item from the BRFSS using a physical activity log.<sup>30</sup> However, the MSEQ expands on the BRFSS by assessing the frequency of four different types of MSE and muscle groups targeted, duration and intensity. A recent study examined the reliability and validity of MSE items (using a 7-day diary) from the Cancer Prevention Study-3.<sup>42</sup> That study assessed the MSE frequency and duration of similar MSE types using a single MSE question. In comparison, the MSEQ shows stronger reliability and similar validity to that study. While the study<sup>42</sup> included similar MSE types, expanding on the BRFSS, the MSEQ is more extensive as it allows for the additional assessment of intensity and muscle groups targeted.

Compared with commonly used MVPA surveillance instruments, the MSEQ showed stronger reliability and validity. For example, compared with the frequency and duration items in the Global Physical Activity Questionnaire (GPAQ), the MSEQ was superior for both 7-day test-retest reliability and concurrent validity using activity logs.<sup>43</sup> Validity of the MSEQ is stronger when compared with the leisure-time frequency and duration items contained in the International Physical Activity Questionnaire (IPAQ)-Long.<sup>44</sup> The potential reason for stronger reliability and validity observed in MSE, compared with MVPA, is likely because MSE is easier to recall and a more memorable physical activity.<sup>17</sup> Moreover, that in this study a high percentage of participants also meet the MSE guidelines.

When designing the MSEQ, we decided to solely target MSE-related behaviours within the context of leisure time, and consequently not to include any activities accrued during occupational (eg, labouring/lifting) and domestic tasks (eg, carry shopping bags, gardening). This decision was to avoid any potential misclassification of other MSE-related behaviours. Furthermore, occupation-related physical activity is often undertaken at low/moderate intensity for long durations with limited time for recovery.<sup>45</sup> Moreover, it has been argued that the repetitive nature of undertaking MSE outside the context of leisure time may negatively influence health. For example, MSE within the occupational and domestic context may result in an increased risk of musculoskeletal disorders (eg, back, shoulder, neck injuries/pain) and arthritis/rheumatic diseases (eg, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis).<sup>46</sup>

### MSEQ: short and long format

For potential use in future health surveillance, we adapted the MSEQ to be consistent with existing self-reported physical activity surveillance instruments, such as the widely used IPAQ<sup>20</sup> and GPAQ.<sup>47</sup> Specifically, we



**Table 4** Concurrent validity\* of the Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ) assessing days per week, duration and level of intensity for each type of muscle-strengthening exercise and all types combined

	Concurrent validity*	
	Interclass correlations coefficient† (95% CI)	Spearman's $r_{\text{S}}$ (95% CI)
How many days, in a usual week, do you do muscle-strengthening exercise?	0.64 (0.37 to 0.80)	0.49 (0.25 to 0.70)
Days per week by type		
Use weight machines	0.69 (0.16 to 0.86)	0.76 (0.59 to 0.89)
Body weight exercises	0.74 (0.56 to 0.85)	0.59 (0.36 to 0.76)
Use resistance bands or free weights	0.72 (0.35 to 0.86)	0.64 (0.38 to 0.84)
Holistic exercises	0.78 (0.45 to 0.89)	0.77 (0.60 to 0.89)
All types of muscle-strengthening exercise	0.56 (0.37 to 0.71)	0.58 (0.35 to 0.76)
Duration (minutes/session)		
Use weight machines	0.60 (0.18 to 0.79)	0.73 (0.56 to 0.87)
Body weight exercises	0.39 (−0.04 to 0.64)	0.34 (0.08 to 0.56)
Use resistance bands or free weights	0.78 (0.37 to 0.90)	0.74 (0.55 to 0.86)
Holistic exercises	0.70 (0.38 to 0.84)	0.73 (0.54 to 0.87)
All types of muscle-strengthening exercise	0.46 (0.24 to 0.64)	0.73 (0.59 to 0.83)
Level of intensity		
Use weight machines	0.73 (0.38 to 0.87)	0.71 (0.52 to 0.85)
Body weight exercises	0.35 (−0.07 to 0.61)	0.30 (0.03 to 0.55)
Use resistance bands or free weights	0.78 (0.21 to 0.91)	0.68 (0.52 to 0.82)
Holistic exercises	0.69 (0.43 to 0.83)	0.63 (0.41 to 0.78)
All types of muscle-strengthening exercise	0.18 (−0.06 to 0.42)	0.45 (0.18 to 0.67)

\*To assess the concurrent validity, MSEQ baseline responses were compared with a 7-day MSE log.

†Intraclass correlations coefficient between test and retest and its 95% CI.

‡Spearman's rank correlation between test and retest and its 95% CI.

developed two versions of the MSEQ, the MSEQ-Short and MSEQ-Long, each designed to be used in either a self-administered or interview-administered format (full versions shown in online supplemental digital content 2). The MSEQ-Short is a brief 6-item instrument that assesses any engagement in MSE ('yes' or 'no'), the usual weekly frequency (number of days), duration (minutes spent), intensity (range from 0 to 10), type of muscle-strengthening exercise ('yes' or 'no' response to the four types of MSE), and muscle groups targeted ('yes' or 'no' response to seven muscle groups). The MSEQ-Long is a 20-item instrument that assesses the usual weekly frequency, duration, intensity, and the muscle groups targeted (similar responses as in MSEQ-Short), separately for all four types of MSE (weight machines, bodyweight exercises, resistance exercises and holistic exercises). As shown in online supplemental digital content 3, table, the reliability and validity of the MSEQ-Short items displayed mostly fair-to-moderate agreement and was moderate-to-high for most of the MSEQ-Long items (see online supplemental digital content 4, table). These preliminary data suggest that the MSEQ-Short and MSEQ-Long have promise as a standardised MSE surveillance instrument. However, we urge caution, as both instruments have not

yet been tested for reliability and validity in the format provided in online supplemental digital content 2. We now call for future studies to assess the psychometric properties of the MSEQ-Short and MSEQ-Long, with diverse population subgroups (eg, older adults, those from differing income/education levels) and translated into different languages.

### Limitations

A key limitation of this study was our recruitment of a non-representative sample, which is likely to affect the generalisability of our findings. A further limitation was the self-reported nature of the online responses to the survey. There is a risk of responder recall bias (eg, social desirability or over-reporting/under-reporting of actual behaviour). However, there is no device-based measurement available for the assessment of MSE. This behaviour is routinely assessed by self-report in physical activity surveillance. A further limitation is that we were unable to establish the validity of the muscle groups targeted items, as this was not possible when comparing a single 'yes' or 'no' response in the 'main survey' to the daily 'yes' or 'no' response in the 7-day diary. A key strength of this study is that it is one of the first to assess the test-retest



reliability and concurrent validity of questions specifically developed to explore the constructs of MSE beyond frequency and duration. Moreover, the inclusion of the assessment of MSE intensity is a unique and important component that is not currently well understood.<sup>48</sup>

## CONCLUSION

The newly developed MSEQ displayed adequate test-retest reliability and concurrent validity in assessing multiple MSE participating constructs. Given that the current study included a sample of young, well educated, and active adults, further research is needed to examine whether these findings are generalisable to more representative samples.

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**Contributors** JS-D, KDC, SJHB and JB conceptualised the study and developed the research plan. JS-D created the online survey, collected all data and conducted the data analysis. JSD and JB drafted the initial manuscript. JB, KDC and SJHB provided guidance on the study and critically reviewed the manuscript. JB is acting as guarantor. All authors read and approved the final version of the manuscript, and agreed with the order of presentation of the authors.

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**Data availability statement** Data are available upon reasonable request from the corresponding author.

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Supplemental Digital Content 1



**Preamble:**  
**The next questions are about your participation in muscle-strengthening exercise**

The questions within this section relate to the physical activities that you perform during your leisure-time only. When we say leisure-time we mean your free-time and the activities that you perform that are NOT done as part of your work/job, transportation (moving to a different location), or as a part of household activities (chores).

The types of muscle-strengthening exercise modes that we are interested in include;

- Use of weight machines (typically in a gym or fitness centre)
- Bodyweight exercises (including push-ups, sit-ups)
- Resistance exercises (using resistance bands or free weights like dumbbells)
- Holistic exercises (including Yoga, Tai-Chi and Pilates)

There are no right or wrong responses to the following questions, we are interested in your open and honest feedback.

**1. Do you usually do muscle-strengthening exercise?**

*The types of muscle-strengthening exercises include;*

*Using of weight machines to do e.g. leg press, chest press, lat pulldown (typically in a gym or fitness centre) Body weight exercises (including push-ups, sit-ups) Resistance exercises (using resistance bands or free weights like dumbbells) Holistic exercises (including Yoga, Tai-Chi and Pilates)*

Yes☐

No☐

**2. How many days, in a usual week, do you do muscle-strengthening exercise?**

*The types of muscle-strengthening exercises include;*

*Using of weight machines to do e.g. leg press, chest press, lat pulldown (typically in a gym or fitness centre environment) Body weight exercises (including push-ups, sit-ups) Resistance exercises (using resistance bands or free weight like dumbbells) Holistic exercises (including Yoga, Tai-Chi and Pilates)*

none☐

1 day in a usual week☐

2 days in a usual week☐

3 days in a usual week☐

4 days in a usual week☐

5 days in a usual week☐

6 days in a usual week☐

7 days in a usual week☐



3.



In a usual week please indicate a) how often you do, and b) how long you spend, doing each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercise.

Number of DAYS in a usual week.

	0 days	1 day	2 days	3 days	4 days	5 days	6 days	7 days
Use weight machines (e.g. leg press, chest press, lat pulldown)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Body weight exercises (e.g. push-ups, sit-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Use resistance bands or free weights (e.g. dumbbells)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Holistic exercises (including Yoga, Tai-chi and Pilates)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

4.

In a usual week please indicate a) how often you do, and b) how long you spend, doing each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercise.

Minutes spent in a usual session.

	0 minutes	less than 10 minutes	10 - 20 minutes	21 - 30 minutes	31 - 40 minutes	41 - 50 minutes	51 - 60 minutes	more than 60 minutes
Use weight machines (e.g. leg press, chest press, lat pulldown)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Body weight exercises (e.g. push-ups, sit-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Use resistance bands or free weights (e.g. dumbbells)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Holistic exercises (including Yoga, Tai-	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>





5.

**In a usual week please indicate which muscle groups you use when you do each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercises.**

**If you do not do the muscle-strengthening exercise, please select NO.**

**Using WEIGHT MACHINES in a usual session.**

	No	Yes
Legs (e.g. squats, lunges, bridges)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hips (e.g. side leg raises, bridges)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Back (e.g. lat pulldown, bent-over row)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Abdomen (e.g. crunches, sit-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chest (e.g. bench press, push-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Shoulders (e.g. lat raise, overhead press)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Arms (e.g. bicep curl, tricep dips)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

6.

**In a usual week please indicate which muscle groups you use when you do each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercises.**

**If you do not do the muscle-strengthening exercise, please select NO.**

**Doing BODY WEIGHT exercises (e.g. push-ups, sit-ups) in a usual session.**

	No	Yes
Legs (e.g. squats, lunges, bridges)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hips (e.g. side leg raises, bridges)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Back (e.g. lat pulldown, bent-over row)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Abdomen (e.g. crunches, sit-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chest (e.g. bench press, push-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Shoulders (e.g. lat raise, overhead press)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Arms (e.g. bicep curl, tricep dips)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



7.

**In a usual week please indicate which muscle groups you use when you do each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercises.**

**If you do not do the muscle-strengthening exercise, please select NO.**

**Using RESISTANCE BANDS or FREE WEIGHTS (e.g. dumbbells) in a usual session.**

	No	Yes
Legs (e.g. squats, lunges, bridges)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hips (e.g. side leg raises, bridges)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Back (e.g. lat pulldown, bent-over row)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Abdomen (e.g. crunches, sit-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chest (e.g. bench press, push-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Shoulders (e.g. lat raise, overhead press)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Arms (e.g. bicep curl, tricep dips)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

8.

**In a usual week please indicate which muscle groups you use when you do each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercises.**

**If you do not do the muscle-strengthening exercise, please select NO.**

**Doing HOLISTIC EXERCISES (including Yoga, Tai-chi and Pilates) in a usual session.**

	No	Yes
Legs (e.g. squats, lunges, bridges)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hips (e.g. side leg raises, bridges)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Back (e.g. lat pulldown, bent-over row)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Abdomen (e.g. crunches, sit-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chest (e.g. bench press, push-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Shoulders (e.g. lat raise, overhead press)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Arms (e.g. bicep curl, tricep dips)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



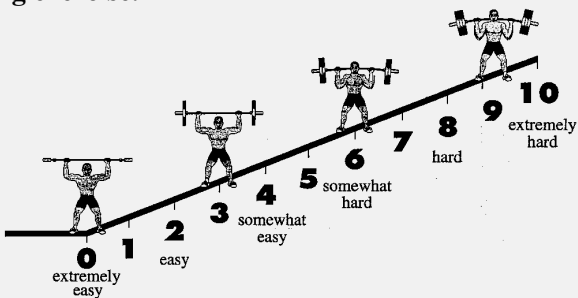
9.

For each of the following types of muscle-strengthening exercises, please say

How hard (level of intensity) you usually exercise

How hard you feel you are exercising can also be called intensity or rating of perceived effort. The level of intensity is often assessed on a 0 to 10 scale with 0 representing “extremely easy” and 10 representing “extremely hard”.

Using the picture below as a guide on a scale of 0-10 please indicate how hard you feel you exercise when you are doing muscle-strengthening exercise.



(Robertson et al., 2003)

Level of INTENSITY in a usual session.

	Not applicable	0 Extremely easy	1	2 Easy	3	4 Somewhat easy	5	6 Somewhat hard	7	8 Hard	9	10 Extremely hard
Use weight machines (e.g. leg press, chest press, lat pulldown)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Body weight exercises (e.g. push-ups, sit-ups)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Use resistance bands or free weights (e.g. dumbbells)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Holistic exercises (including Yoga, Tai-chi and Pilates)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

## Supplemental Digital Content 2

## Muscle-strengthening Exercise Questionnaire Short Form (MSEQ-Short)

### *Your participation in muscle-strengthening exercise*

The next set of questions are about your participation in **muscle-strengthening exercise**, sometimes called weight or resistance training.

When thinking about muscle-strengthening exercise, we are only interested in exercises that you do during your leisure or free time, and NOT done as part of your work/job, or as a part of household activities (chores).

The types of muscle-strengthening exercise we are interested in include:

- **Using weight machines** - typically in a gym or fitness centre
- **Bodyweight exercises** - including push-ups or sit-ups
- **Resistance exercises** – using free weights like dumbbells or using resistance bands
- **Holistic exercises** - including Yoga, Tai-Chi or Pilates

1. Do you **do muscle-strengthening exercise** in a **usual week**?

☐

Yes

☐

No



Skip to next module

2. How **many days**, in a **usual week**, do you do muscle-strengthening exercise?

\_\_\_\_\_ days per week

3. **On the day(s)** that you **do muscle-strengthening exercise**, please indicate **how long** you spend doing this activity?

\_\_\_\_\_ minutes per day

4. On a scale from 0 to 10, how **hard do you feel** you are **working when doing muscle-strengthening exercise** with '0' being 'extremely easy' and '10' being 'extremely hard'?

\_\_\_\_\_ intensity of session

5. What **types of muscle-strengthening exercise do you usually do?**

**Weight machines** (Lat pulldown, bench press, leg press)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

**Resistance exercises** (resistance bands/dumbbells)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

**Bodyweight exercises** (push-ups, sit-ups)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

**Holistic exercises** (Yoga, Tai-Chi and Pilates)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

6. When you do muscle-strengthening exercise, **do you usually do exercise that target or use the following muscle groups or parts of your body?**

Legs (e.g. squats, lunge, leg press)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Hips (e.g. bridges, lateral banded walk)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Back (e.g. lat pulldown, dumbbell row)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Abdomen (e.g. sit-ups, planking)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Chest (e.g. bench press, push-ups)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Shoulders (e.g. shoulder/overhead press)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Arms (e.g. bicep curl, tricep dips)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

**This is the end of the survey, thank you for participating.**



## Muscle-strengthening Exercise Questionnaire Long Form (MSEQ-Long)

### *Your participation in muscle-strengthening exercise*

The next set of questions are about your participation in **muscle-strengthening exercise**, sometimes called weight or resistance training.

When thinking about muscle-strengthening exercise, we are only interested in exercises that you do during your leisure or free time, and NOT done as part of your work/job, or as a part of household activities (chores).

The types of muscle-strengthening exercise we are interested in include:

- **Using weight machines** - typically in a gym or fitness centre
- **Bodyweight exercises** - including push-ups or sit-ups
- **Resistance exercises** – using free weights like dumbbells or using resistance bands
- **Holistic exercises** - including Yoga, Tai-Chi or Pilates

1. Do you **do muscle-strengthening exercise** in a **usual week**?

☐

Yes

☐

No



Skip to next module

### **WEIGHT MACHINES**

1. When you do muscle-strengthening exercise, **do you use weight machines (Lat pulldown, bench press, leg press)**?

☐

Yes

☐

No



Skip to question 6

2. How **many days**, in a **usual week**, do you use weight machines?

\_\_\_\_\_ days per week

3. In a usual week, **on the day(s)** that you use **weight machines**, please indicate **how long** you spend doing this activity per session?

\_\_\_\_\_ minutes per day

4. On a scale from 0 to 10, how **hard you feel** when **using weight machines** with '0' being 'extremely easy' and '10' being 'extremely hard'?

\_\_\_\_\_ intensity of session

5. When you use weight machines, **do you usually do exercise that target or use the following muscle groups or parts of your body?**

Legs (leg press, leg extension)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Hips (machine hip/glute raises)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Back (Lat pulldown, seated row)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Abdomen (crunches, sit-ups)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Chest (bench press)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Shoulders (machine shoulder press)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Arms (bicep curl, tricep push down)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

**BODYWEIGHT EXERCISES**

6. When you do muscle-strengthening exercise, do you do **bodyweight exercises** (including push-ups, sit-ups, planking)

☐

Yes

☐

No



Skip to question 11

7. How **many days**, in a **usual week**, do you use bodyweight exercises?

\_\_\_\_\_ days per week

8. In a usual week, **on the day(s)** that you do **bodyweight exercises**, please indicate **how long** you spend doing this activity per session?

\_\_\_\_\_ minutes per day

9. On a scale from 0 to 10, how **hard you feel** when **doing bodyweight exercises** with '0' being 'extremely easy' and '10' being 'extremely hard'

\_\_\_\_\_ intensity of session

10. When you do bodyweight exercises, **do you usually do exercise that target or use the following muscle groups or parts of your body?**

Legs (squats, lunges)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Hips (glute raises, lateral banded walk)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Back (pull-ups, back extension)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Abdomen (crunches, planking)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Chest (pull ups)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Shoulders (push ups)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

Arms (dips, chair dips)

Yes or No \_\_\_\_\_

**RESISTANCE EXERCISES**

11. When you do muscle-strengthening exercise, do you do **resistance exercises, such as using resistance bands or free weights like dumbbells?**

☐

Yes

☐

No



Skip to question 16

12. How **many days**, in a **usual week**, do you do resistance exercises, such as using resistance bands or free weights like dumbbells?

\_\_\_\_\_ days per week

13. In a usual week, **on the day(s)** that you do **resistance exercises**, please indicate **how long** you spend doing this activity per session?

\_\_\_\_\_ minutes per day

14. On a scale from 0 to 10, how **hard you feel** when doing **resistance exercises** with '0' being 'extremely easy' and '10' being 'extremely hard'?

\_\_\_\_\_ intensity of session

15. When you doing resistance exercises, **do you usually do exercise that target or use the following muscle groups or parts of your body?**

Legs (squats/lunges with dumbbells)	Yes or No _____
Hips (side lying leg raise with resistance band)	Yes or No _____
Back (dumbbell row)	Yes or No _____
Abdomen (weighted crunches, sit-ups)	Yes or No _____
Chest (dumbbell bench press)	Yes or No _____
Shoulders (dumbbell shoulder press)	Yes or No _____
Arms (bicep curl, tricep push down)	Yes or No _____

### HOLISTIC EXERCISES

16. When you do muscle-strengthening exercise, do you do **Holistic exercises (including Yoga, Tai-Chi and Pilates)?**

☐

Yes

☐

No



Skip to next module

17. How **many days**, in a **usual week**, do you holistic exercises?

\_\_\_\_\_ days per week

18. In a usual week, **on the day(s)** that you do **holistic exercises**, please indicate **how long** you spend doing this activity per session?

\_\_\_\_\_ minutes per day

19. On a scale from 0 to 10, how **hard you feel** when doing **holistic exercises** with '0' being 'extremely easy' and '10' being 'extremely hard'?

\_\_\_\_\_ intensity of session

20. When you do holistic exercises, **do you usually do exercise that target or use the following muscle groups or parts of your body?**

Legs (squats/lunges)	Yes or No _____
Hips (bridges, single/double leg stretch)	Yes or No _____
Back (superman)	Yes or No _____
Abdomen (knee-to-elbow crunches, leg raises)	Yes or No _____
Chest (push-ups)	Yes or No _____
Shoulders (Plank, side plank)	Yes or No _____
Arms (Bird/dog)	Yes or No _____

**This is the end of the questionnaire, thank you for participating.**

Supplemental Digital Content 3.



About you

The first set of questions will provide us with some basic information about you.

1. What was your age at your last birthday?

Please enter only whole numbers.

2. What was your sex at birth?

Female

☐

Male

☐

3. Which country do you usually live in?

Afghanistan

☐

Albania

☐

Algeria

☐

Andorra

☐

Angola

☐

Antigua and Barbuda

☐

Argentina

☐

Armenia

☐

Australia

☐

Austria

☐

Azerbaijan

☐

Bahamas

☐

Bahrain

☐

Bangladesh

☐

Barbados

☐

Belarus

☐

Belgium

☐

Belize

☐

Benin

☐





Bhutan	<input type="checkbox"/>
Bolivia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Bosnia and Herzegovina	<input type="checkbox"/>
Botswana	<input type="checkbox"/>
Brazil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Brunei	<input type="checkbox"/>
Bulgaria	<input type="checkbox"/>
Burkina Faso	<input type="checkbox"/>
Burundi	<input type="checkbox"/>
Côte d'Ivoire	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cabo Verde	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cambodia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cameroon	<input type="checkbox"/>
Canada	<input type="checkbox"/>
Central African Republic	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chad	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chile	<input type="checkbox"/>
China	<input type="checkbox"/>
Colombia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Comoros	<input type="checkbox"/>
Congo (Congo-Brazzaville)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Costa Rica	<input type="checkbox"/>
Croatia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cuba	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cyprus	<input type="checkbox"/>
Czechia (Czech Republic)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Democratic Republic of the Congo	<input type="checkbox"/>
Denmark	<input type="checkbox"/>
Djibouti	<input type="checkbox"/>



Dominica	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dominican Republic	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ecuador	<input type="checkbox"/>
Egypt	<input type="checkbox"/>
El Salvador	<input type="checkbox"/>
Equatorial Guinea	<input type="checkbox"/>
Eritrea	<input type="checkbox"/>
Estonia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Eswatini (fmr. "Swaziland")	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ethiopia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Fiji	<input type="checkbox"/>
Finland	<input type="checkbox"/>
France	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gabon	<input type="checkbox"/>
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Grenada	<input type="checkbox"/>
Guatemala	<input type="checkbox"/>
Guinea	<input type="checkbox"/>
Guinea-Bissau	<input type="checkbox"/>
Guyana	<input type="checkbox"/>
Haiti	<input type="checkbox"/>
Holy See	<input type="checkbox"/>
Honduras	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hungary	<input type="checkbox"/>
Iceland	<input type="checkbox"/>





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Ireland	<div><div></div></div>
Israel	<div><div></div></div>
Italy	<div><div></div></div>
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Mali	<div><div></div></div>









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Peru	<input type="checkbox"/>
Philippines	<input type="checkbox"/>
Poland	<input type="checkbox"/>
Portugal	<input type="checkbox"/>
Qatar	<input type="checkbox"/>
Romania	<input type="checkbox"/>
Russia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Rwanda	<input type="checkbox"/>
Saint Kitts and Nevis	<input type="checkbox"/>
Saint Lucia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	<input type="checkbox"/>
Samoa	<input type="checkbox"/>
San Marino	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sao Tome and Principe	<input type="checkbox"/>
Saudi Arabia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Senegal	<input type="checkbox"/>
Serbia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Seychelles	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sierra Leone	<input type="checkbox"/>
Singapore	<input type="checkbox"/>
Slovakia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Slovenia	<input type="checkbox"/>
Solomon Islands	<input type="checkbox"/>
Somalia	<input type="checkbox"/>
South Africa	<input type="checkbox"/>
South Korea	<input type="checkbox"/>
South Sudan	<input type="checkbox"/>
	▼





Zambia

☐

Zimbabwe

☐**4. What best describes the region you live in?**

Urban - capital cities or metropolitan centres with a population of &gt;100,000

☐

Regional - large rural centres with a population between 5,000-99,000

☐

Remote - remote centres with a population of &lt;5,000

☐**5. Which of the following descriptions best applies to your usual 'work' situation?**

Going to school or university full-time

☐

In paid employment or self-employed

☐

Doing unpaid work for a business that you own, or that a relative owns

☐

Permanently unable to work because of long-term sickness or disability

☐

Retired from paid work

☐

Looking after home or family

☐

Other

☐

Other

**6. What is your highest level of education completed?**

Never attended school

☐

Primary school

☐

Some high school

☐

Year 12 or equivalent

☐

Technical or trade school certificate/apprenticeship

☐

University or tertiary qualification (Undergraduate)

☐

University or tertiary qualification (Postgraduate/Masters/Doctorate)

☐

Other

☐

Other

**7. What is your marital status?**

- Married ☐
- Defacto ☐
- Separated / Divorced ☐
- Widowed ☐
- Never married ☐

**The next questions are about your own health behaviours.**

In this section, we ask questions about your health and health behaviours to get an idea of your health and lifestyle.

**8. About how tall are you, without shoes, in centimetres (cm) or feet (ft) and inches (in)?**

in centimetres (cm)

Comment

in feet (ft) and inches (in)

Comment

**9. About how much do you weigh, without shoes and heavy clothes, in kilograms (kg) or pounds (lb) and ounces (oz)?**

in kilograms (kg)

Comment

in pounds (lb) and ounces (oz)

Comment

**10. How would you rate your general health?**

- Excellent ☐
- Very good ☐
- Good ☐
- Fair ☐
- Poor ☐

**Table. Supplemental Digital Content 3:** Interclass correlations coefficient (ICC), Spearman's rank correlation ( $\rho$ ), Kappa statistics ( $\kappa$ ), and 95% confidence interval (95% CI) for test-retest reliability <sup>a</sup>, and concurrent validity <sup>b</sup> of the Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ)-Short items.

MSEQ-Short items (All types of MSE combined)	Test-retest reliability <sup>a</sup>				Concurrent validity <sup>b</sup>	
	ICC (95%CI)	$\rho$ (95% CI)	$\kappa$ (95% CI)	% Agreement	ICC (95%CI)	$\rho$ (95% CI)
Days per week (usual week)	0.58 (0.40-0.73)	0.91 (0.85-0.95)	–	–	0.56 (0.37-0.71)	0.58 (0.35-0.76)
Duration (minutes/per day)	0.69 (0.55-0.80)	0.89 (0.78-0.95)	–	–	0.46 (0.24-0.64)	0.73 (0.59-0.83)
Level of intensity <sup>c</sup>	0.51 (0.31-0.68)	0.82 (0.66-0.92)	–	–	0.18 (-0.06-0.42)	0.45 (0.18-0.67)
Muscle groups targeted						
Legs	–	–	0.41 (0.22-0.58)	79.6	–	–
Hips	–	–	0.51 (0.34-0.66)	79.6	–	–
Back	–	–	0.45 (0.26-0.63)	81.5	–	–
Abdomen	–	–	0.35 (0.17-0.52)	77.8	–	–
Chest	–	–	0.41 (0.22-0.59)	77.8	–	–
Shoulders	–	–	0.44 (0.24-0.60)	83.3	–	–
Arms	–	–	0.47 (0.29-0.64)	77.8	–	–

<sup>a</sup> Test and retest of MSEQ was conducted a maximum of 14 days apart.

<sup>b</sup> To assess the concurrent validity, respondents completed the MSE 7-day log for 7 consecutive days a maximum of 14 days after the first administration.

<sup>c</sup> To assess level of intensity, using the previously validated OMNI-Resistance Exercise Scale (Robertson et al., 2003), respondents was asked to report for each type of muscle-strengthening exercise “on a scale of 0-10 please indicate how hard you feel you exercise when you are doing ... with 0 representing “extremely easy” and 10 representing “extremely hard”.

<sup>d</sup> To assess muscle groups used, respondents were asked when they undertake muscle-strengthening exercise, do they do exercise that target the following muscle groups legs, hips, back, abdomen, chest, shoulders, and arms.

<sup>e</sup> Weight machines defined as using weight machines such as leg press, chest press, lat pulldown.

<sup>f</sup> Body weight exercises defined as doing push-ups, sit-ups.

<sup>g</sup> Resistance exercises defined as using resistance bands or free weights like dumbbells.

<sup>h</sup> Holistic exercises defined as doing Yoga, Tai-Chi and Pilates.

– results not applicable for this variable.



**Table. Supplemental Digital Content 4:** Interclass correlations coefficient (ICC), Spearman's rank correlation ( $\rho$ ), Kappa statistics ( $\kappa$ ), and 95% confidence interval (95% CI) for test-retest reliability <sup>a</sup>, and concurrent validity <sup>b</sup> of the Muscle-Strengthening Exercise Questionnaire (MSEQ)-Long items.

MSEQ-Long items (4 types of MSE assessed separately)	Test-retest reliability <sup>a</sup>				Concurrent validity <sup>b</sup>	
	ICC (95%CI)	$\rho$ (95% CI)	$\kappa$ (95% CI)	% Agreement	ICC (95%CI)	$\rho$ (95% CI)
<i>Days per week (usual week)</i>						
Use weight machines <sup>e</sup>	0.85 (0.74-0.91)	0.79 (0.60-0.94)	—	—	0.69 (0.16-0.86)	0.76 (0.59-0.89)
Body weight exercises <sup>f</sup>	0.93 (0.88-0.96)	0.86 (0.73-0.93)	—	—	0.74 (0.56-0.85)	0.59 (0.36-0.76)
Use resistance bands or free weights <sup>g</sup>	0.95 (0.92-0.97)	0.87 (0.73-0.95)	—	—	0.72 (0.35-0.86)	0.64 (0.38-0.84)
Holistic exercises <sup>h</sup>	0.95 (0.91-0.97)	0.83 (0.65-0.95)	—	—	0.78 (0.45-0.89)	0.77 (0.60-0.89)
<i>Duration (minutes/per day)</i>						
Use weight machines <sup>e</sup>	0.90 (0.82-0.94)	0.82 (0.67-0.93)	—	—	0.60 (0.18-0.79)	0.73 (0.56-0.87)
Body weight exercises <sup>f</sup>	0.88 (0.79-0.93)	0.77 (0.60-0.87)	—	—	0.39 (-0.04-0.64)	0.34 (0.08-0.56)
Use resistance bands or free weights <sup>g</sup>	0.89 (0.82-0.94)	0.79 (0.62-0.90)	—	—	0.78 (0.37-0.90)	0.74 (0.55-0.86)
Holistic exercises <sup>h</sup>	0.96 (0.94-0.98)	0.88 (0.74-0.96)	—	—	0.70 (0.38-0.84)	0.73 (0.54-0.87)
<i>Level of intensity <sup>c</sup></i>						
Use weight machines <sup>e</sup>	0.90 (0.83-0.94)	0.82 (0.66-0.95)	—	—	0.73 (0.38-0.87)	0.71 (0.52-0.85)
Body weight exercises <sup>f</sup>	0.93 (0.89-0.96)	0.78 (0.61-0.90)	—	—	0.35 (-0.07-0.61)	0.30 (0.03-0.55)
Use resistance bands or free weights <sup>g</sup>	0.93 (0.88-0.96)	0.76 (0.59-0.88)	—	—	0.78 (0.21-0.91)	0.68 (0.52-0.82)
Holistic exercises <sup>h</sup>	0.89 (0.82-0.94)	0.81 (0.63-0.94)	—	—	0.69 (0.43-0.83)	0.63 (0.41-0.78)
<i>Muscle groups used <sup>d</sup></i>						
Use weight machines <sup>e</sup>						
Legs	—	—	0.70 (0.49-0.88)	85.2	—	—
Hips	—	—	0.61 (0.34-0.85)	87.0	—	—
Back	—	—	0.74 (0.54-0.89)	87.0	—	—
Abdomen	—	—	0.33 (-0.01-0.65)	81.5	—	—
Chest	—	—	0.78 (0.59-0.93)	88.9	—	—
Shoulders	—	—	0.85 (0.67-0.96)	92.6	—	—
Arms	—	—	0.81 (0.63-0.96)	90.7	—	—
Body weight exercises <sup>f</sup>						
Legs	—	—	0.51 (0.19-0.79)	85.2	—	—
Hips	—	—	0.83 (0.65-0.96)	92.6	—	—
Back	—	—	0.40 (0.14-0.64)	72.7	—	—
Abdomen	—	—	0.71 (0.41-0.93)	90.7	—	—
Chest	—	—	0.54 (0.23-0.80)	85.2	—	—
Shoulders	—	—	0.53 (0.26-0.74)	77.8	—	—
Arms	—	—	0.57 (0.33-0.79)	79.6	—	—
Use resistance bands or free weights <sup>g</sup>						
Legs	—	—	0.55 (0.23-0.81)	87.0	—	—
Hips	—	—	0.66 (0.45-0.85)	83.3	—	—
Back	—	—	0.49 (0.16-0.74)	81.5	—	—
Abdomen	—	—	0.44 (0.19-0.67)	72.2	—	—
Chest	—	—	0.33 (0.02-0.60)	75.9	—	—
Shoulders	—	—	0.84 (0.55-1.00)	96.3	—	—
Arms	—	—	0.63 (0.22-0.92)	92.6	—	—
Holistic exercises <sup>h</sup>						

Legs	—	—	0.58 (0.34-0.79)	79.6	—	—
Hips	—	—	0.61 (0.38-0.81)	81.5	—	—
Back	—	—	0.74 (0.50-0.91)	88.9	—	—
Abdomen	—	—	0.66 (0.45-0.85)	83.3	—	—
Chest	—	—	0.69 (0.44-0.88)	87.0	—	—
Shoulders	—	—	0.57 (0.34-0.78)	81.5	—	—
Arms	—	—	0.76 (0.53-0.94)	90.7	—	—

<sup>a</sup>Test and retest of MSEQ was conducted a maximum of 14 days apart.

<sup>b</sup>To assess the concurrent validity, respondents completed the MSE 7-day log for 7 consecutive days a maximum of 14 days after the first administration.

<sup>c</sup>To assess level of intensity, using the previously validated OMNI-Resistance Exercise Scale (Robertson et al., 2003), respondents was asked to report for each type of muscle-strengthening exercise “on a scale of 0-10 please indicate how hard you feel you exercise when you are doing ... with 0 representing “extremely easy” and 10 representing “extremely hard”.

<sup>d</sup>To assess muscle groups used, respondents were asked when they undertake muscle-strengthening exercise, do they do exercise that target the following muscle groups legs, hips, back, abdomen, chest, shoulders, and arms.

<sup>e</sup>Weight machines defined as using weight machines such as leg press, chest press, lat pulldown.

<sup>f</sup>Body weight exercises defined as doing push-ups, sit-ups.

<sup>g</sup>Resistance exercises defined as using resistance bands or free weights like dumbbells.

<sup>h</sup>Holistic exercises defined as doing Yoga, Tai-Chi and Pilates.

— results not applicable for this variable.