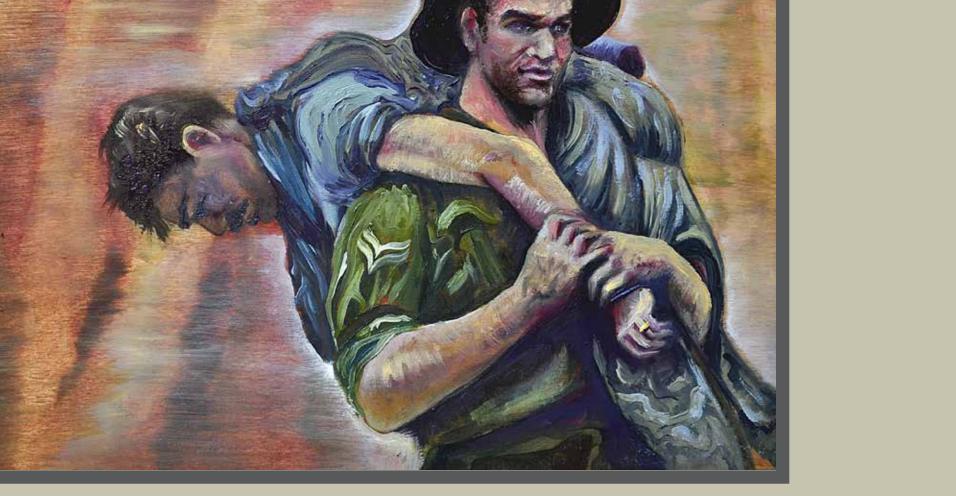


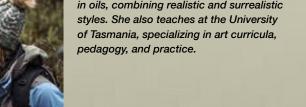


orps, and allied nation aircraft depend on KC-135s too.
ne KC-135 is also capable of transporting litter and cargo deck above the refueling system. The Royal Australian
Air Force operates a variant of the KC-135 called the





KC-30A Multi-Role Tanker Transport.



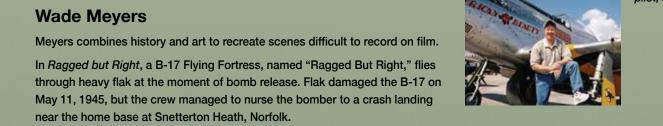
THE KANGAROO AND THE EAGLE: ALLIES IN WAR AND PEACE

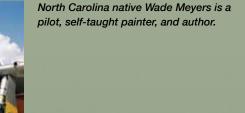


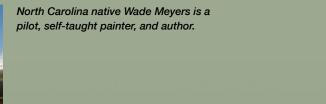
Abbey MacDonald Inspiration for this scene is drawn from the famous photograph of Australian medic Leslie Charles "Bull" Allen taken by war correspondent Gordon Short on July 30, 1943. American troops suffered heavy casualties against Japanese positions on Mt. Tambu, New Guinea when Allen, on his own initiative, repeatedly climbed the steep slopes to retrieve wounded soldiers. Under fire, he carried twelve Americans

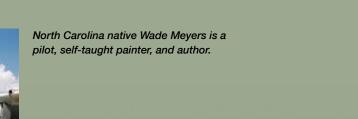
to safety before collapsing from exhaustion. The United

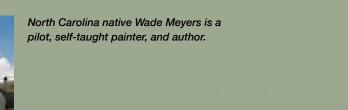
States awarded Allen the Silver Star for valor.





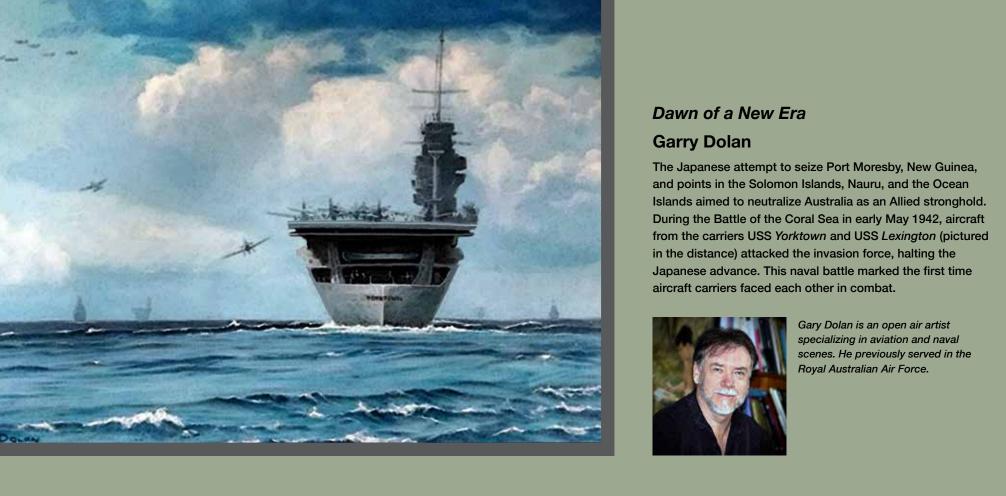








from Debden, England, on an escort mission, in mid-July, 1944. Van Wyk's P-51B is appropriately named "FLYING DUTCHMAN."



The Kangaroo Express pays homage to an American submarine that became a favorite of the people of Brisbane, host city to an important U.S. naval base during World War to "Take her down!" before he could reach safety below deck. Gilmore received the Medal of Honor posthumously for giving his life to save the *Growler* and its crew. Repaired in Brisbane, including the addition of two new nickel kangaroos on the bow, the Growler returned to service with the nickname Kangaroo Express. American artist and naval officer McClelland Barclay painted the USS Growler in 1943, and it currently hangs in the U.S. Navy Submarine Force



Garry Polon

The four B-17s in this painting arrived at Archerfield Airpo in Brisbane on February 18, 1942.

THE KANGAROO AND THE EAGLE Allies in War and Peace



Held in the Theatre of War, Buna, 1942 shows a wounded Australian infantryman tended by U.S. medics. U.S. and Australian forces fought together during the Battle of Buna-Gona to eject the Japanese from their beachheads in the territory of Papua (present day Papua New Guinea). The three-month siege, which began on November 16, 1942, pitted Americans and Australians against a well-entrenched enemy, difficult jungle conditions, disease, and unreliable supply lines. Allied casualties had reached 2,870 when



sharing a spirit of collaboration in defense and security matters that has lasted more than 100 years. U.S. and Australian soldiers have fought side by side in World Wars I and II, Korea, Vietnam, the Persian Gulf, Somalia, East Timor, Afghanistan, and Iraq.

shortly after Al Qaeda terrorists attacked targets in the United States on September 11.

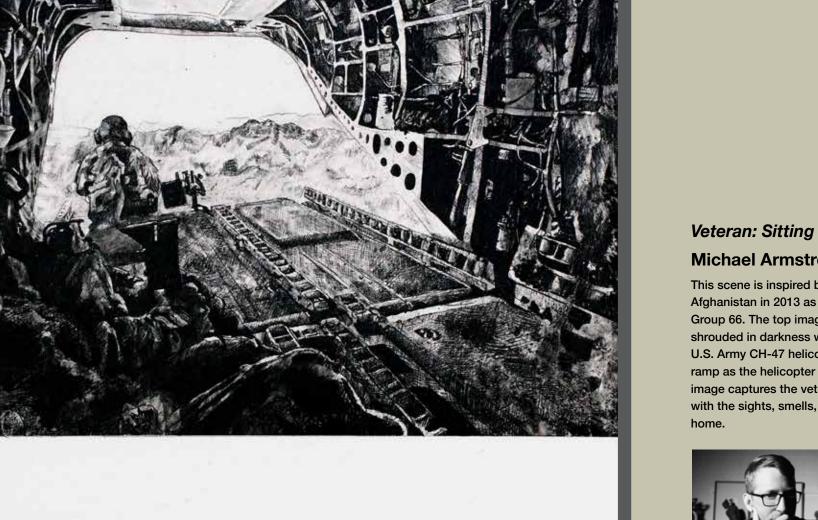
commemorates the enduring partnership between the United States and Australia through contemporary

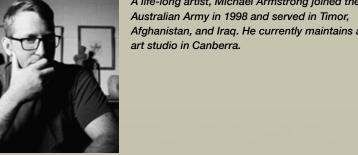


This scene depicts daily operations in Task Force XII and Task Force 49 during Operation Iraqi Freedom. A UH-60 Blackhawk helicopter prepares to depart Joint Base Balad north of the capital Baghdad, while soldiers load equipment and crewmembers conduct a final mission briefing. In the background, a CH-47 Chinook helicopter stands ready to depart on a resupply or air assault mission. Overhead, a Gunslinger Air Weapons Team leaves Balad to support ground forces in the field. More than four thousand soldiers of all ranks and occupational specialties filled these and other essential roles to ensure task force readiness in Iraq.

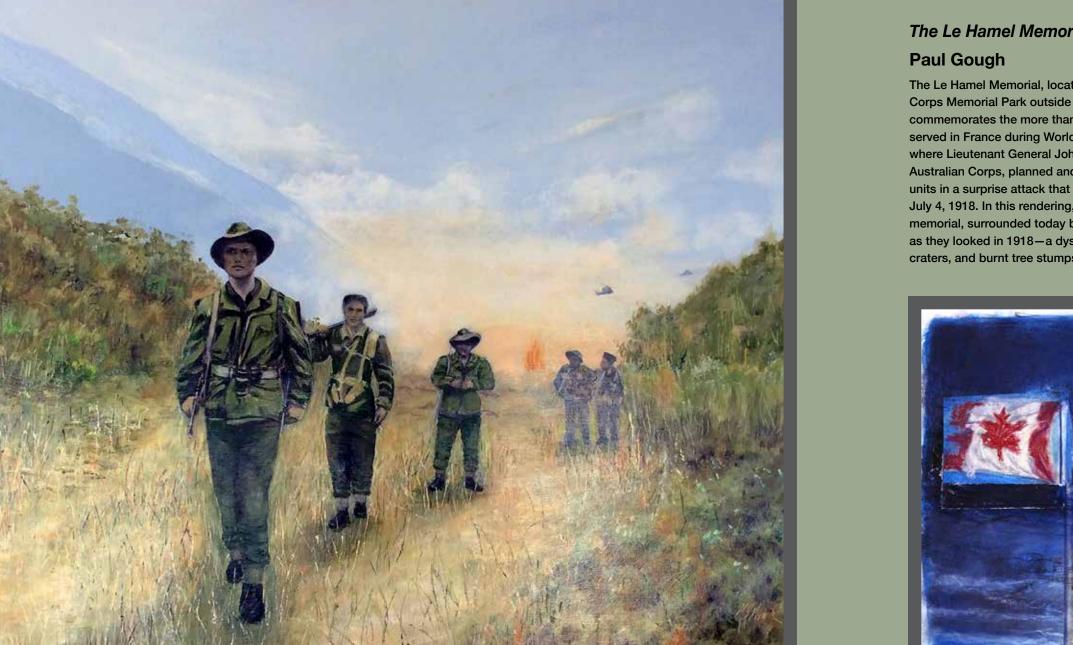


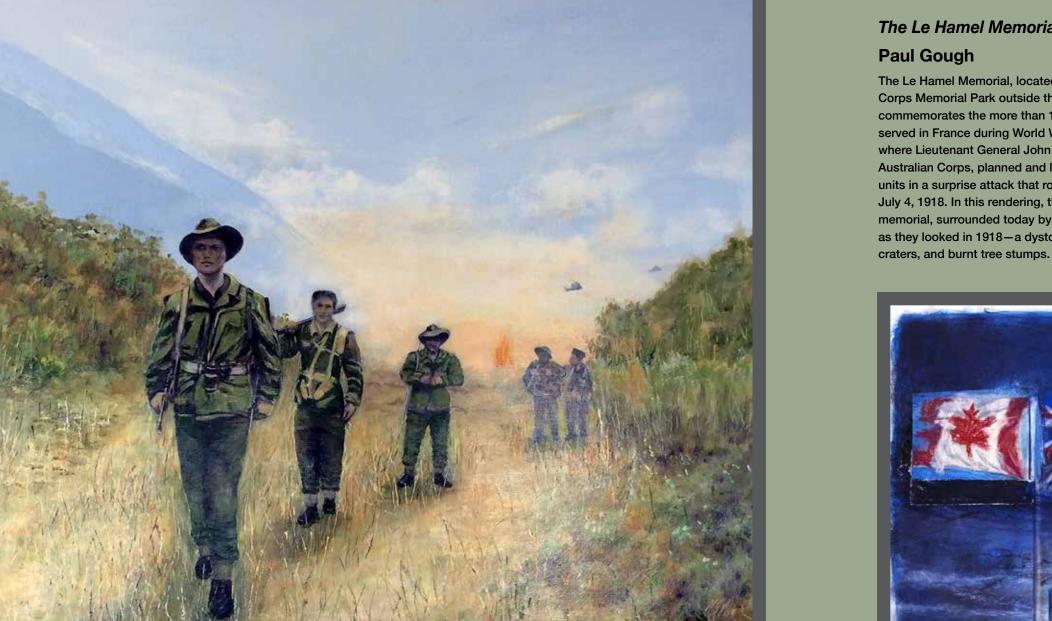


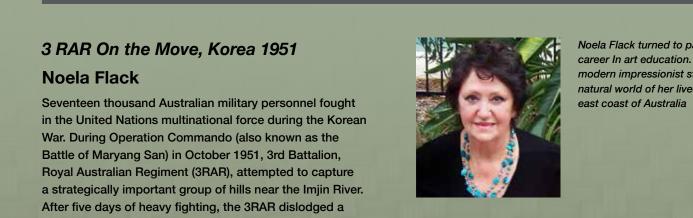




THE KANGAROO AND THE EAGLE: ALLIES IN WAR AND PEACE





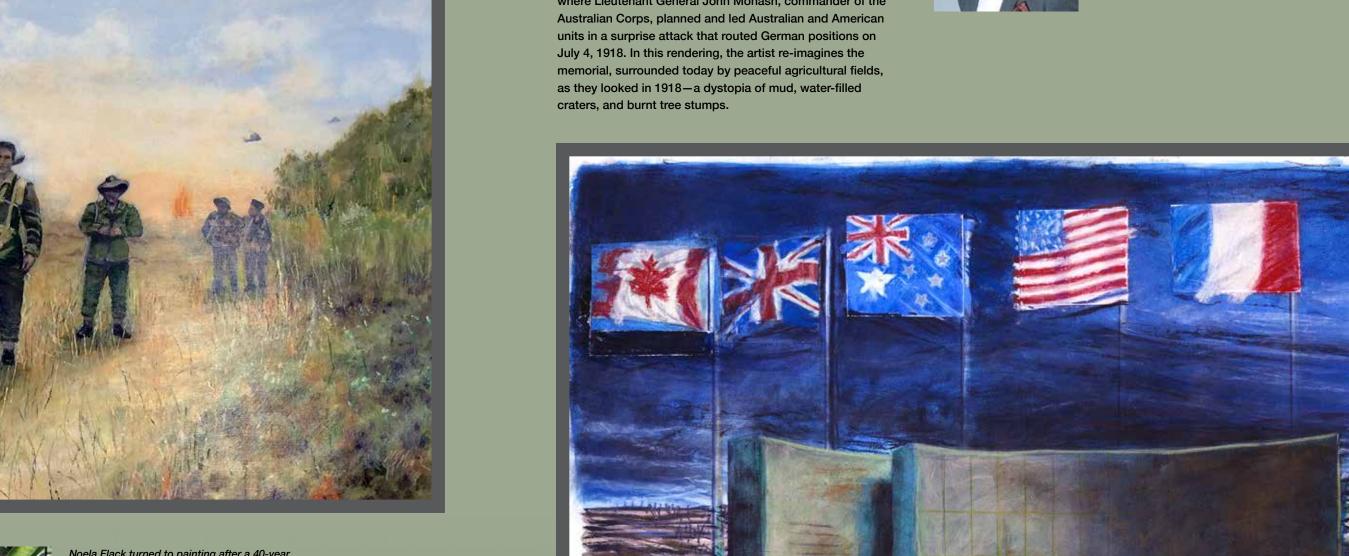


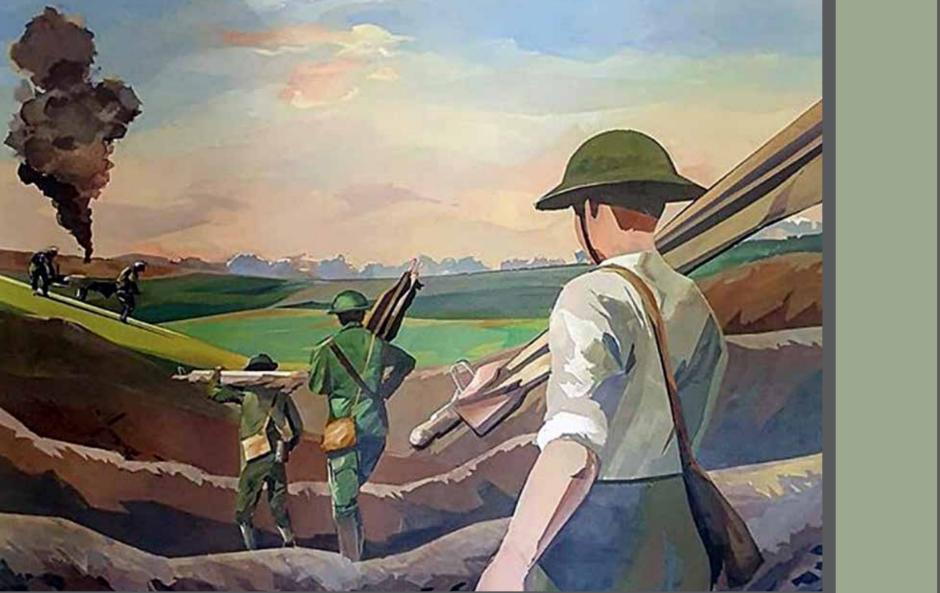
Seventeen thousand Australian military personnel fought

in the United Nations multinational force during the Korean

numerically superior enemy force and achieved its objective.

War. During Operation Commando (also known as the Battle of Maryang San) in October 1951, 3rd Battalion, Royal Australian Regiment (3RAR), attempted to capture

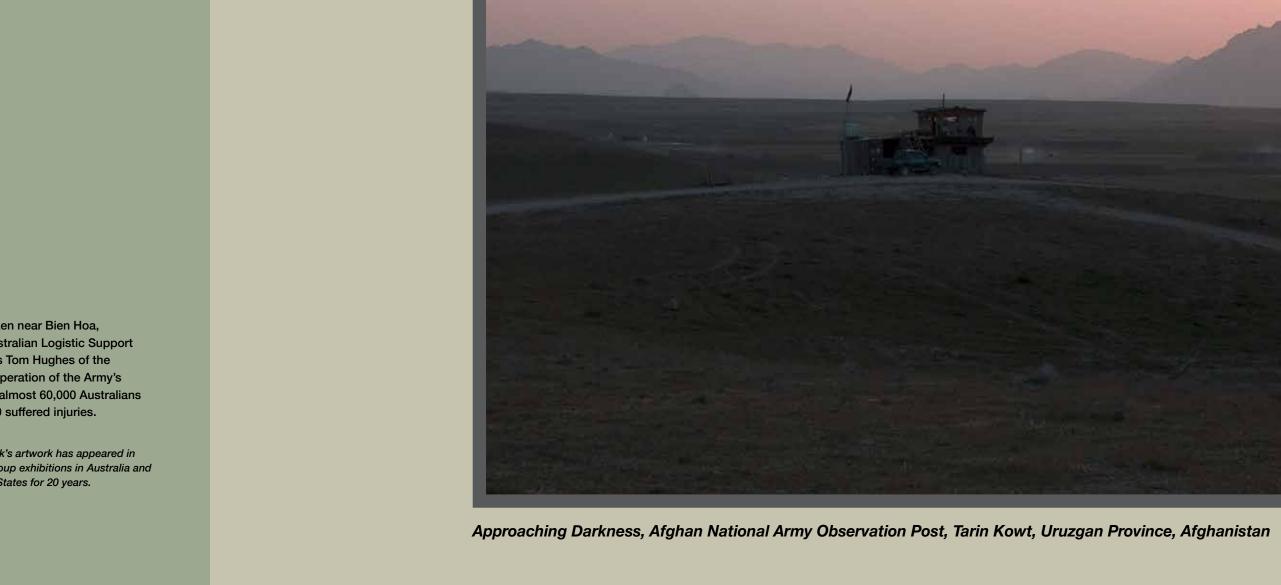




The Australian Corps and one thousand newly-arrived U.S. Army troops advanced under the command of Lieutenant General John Monash during the Battle of Hamel in northern France in July 1918. A model of innovative tactics, the Allied effort combined infantry, artillery, and the newest technologies of war—airplanes and tanks. Considered a brilliant success, some 1260 Australians and Americans died or suffered injuries.







11, 2001, Australia invoked the ANZUS treaty's mutual defense
clause, becoming one of the first nations to pledge support for the

Afghanistan, and the Middle East as the Australian War Memorial's official war artists, continuing a tradition that began during World U.S.-led multi-national coalition to fight terrorism. A member of War I. They visited Australian and U.S. bases and recorded the the coalition forces, Australia began military operations—called
"Operation Slipper"—against al Qaeda and the ruling Taliban regime
in Afghanistan in October 2001. Australian forces returned to
Afghanistan four years later to help secure the Uruzgan Province in
the south against Taliban and other militant insurgencies seeking to
destabilize the national government.

War I. They visited Australian and U.S. bases and recorded the
soldiers' activities and experiences. These contemplative images
reveal new and unique configurations of landscape, culture, and
technology.

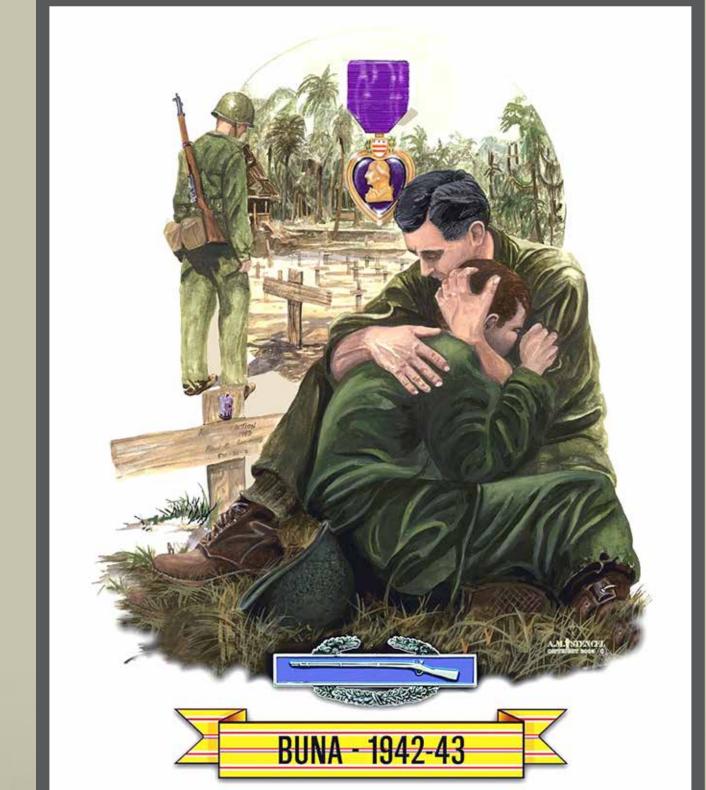
Charles Green and Lyndell Brown have
collaborated since 1989. They served
as Australia's official War Artists in Iraq
and Afghanistan in 2007 and 2008.







THE KANGAROO AND THE EAGLE: ALLIES IN WAR AND PEACE

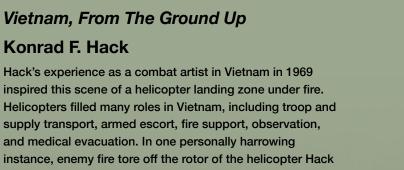


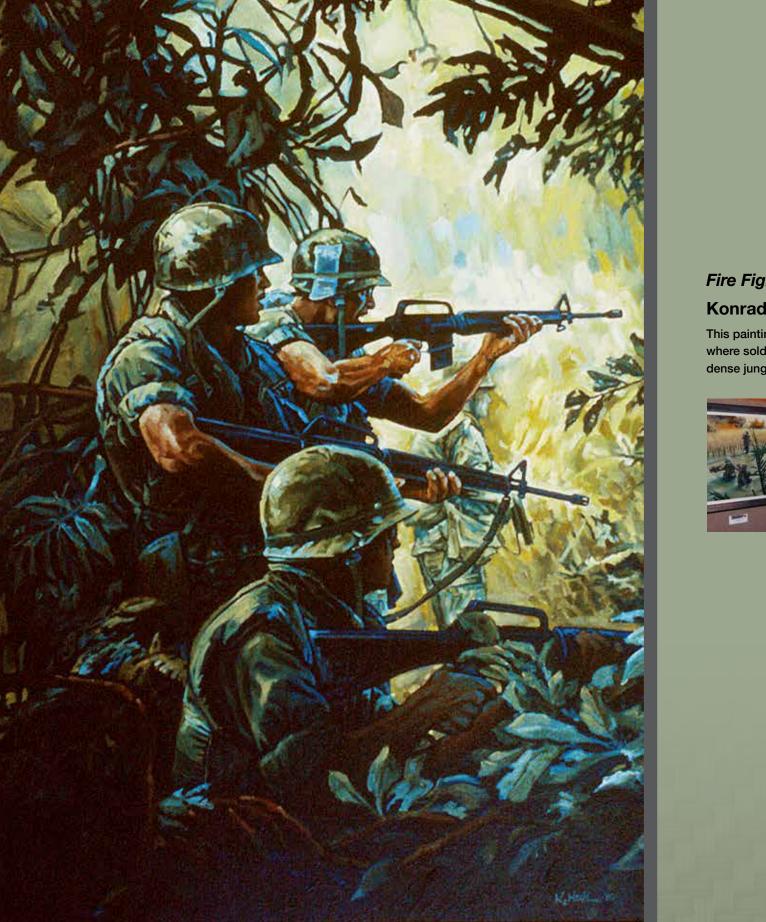
In 1942, the Japanese attempted to seize Port Moresby on the island of New Guinea and use it as a springboard to invade Australia. At the Battle of Buna, which began in November, U.S. and Australian forces fought together to retake the Japanese beachheads at Buna and Gona and also close the overland route to Port Moresby. The 18th Australian Brigade and the U.S. Army's 32nd Infantry Division suffered heavy losses in the fighting. This painting pays tribute to the 1,270 Australians and 787 Americans who died.



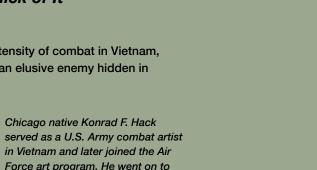






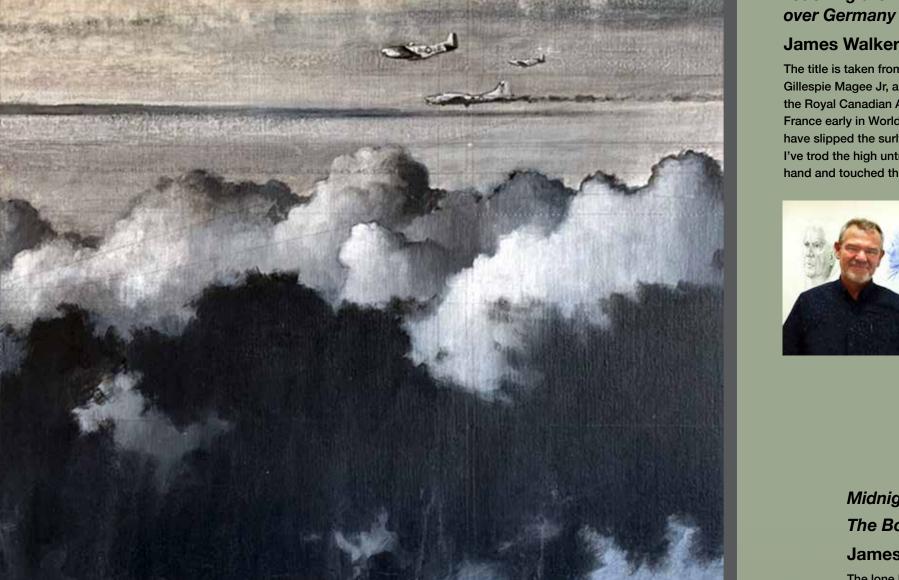














The lone British Lancaster heavy bomber and the formation of B-24 Liberator bombers pay tribute to the aircrews that participated in the Allied air offensive against Germany in 1943 and 1944. This campaign recorded some of the highest casualty rates of the war.





